Japanese Classes

for International Residents

Regular Course 1

ことば・ひょうげん

Kyoto Prefectural International Center

じこしょうかい 自己紹介ができる

Self-introductions

もの なまえ 物の名前をたずねることができる

Asking for the names of things

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

なまえ	na m e	< 1C	country
しごと	job/profession	ちゅうごく	China
かんこく	South Korea	9 1	Thailand
フィリピン	Philippines	アメリカ	USA
オーストラリア	Australia	せんせい	teacher
きょうし	teacher/instructor	がくせい	student
L p .3.	housewife	かいしゃいん	company worker
ほん	book	えんぴつ	pencil
じしょ	dictionary	しんぶん	newspaper
ノート	notepad/notebook	ボールペン	(ballpoint) pen
つくえ	desk	いす	chair
とけい	clock/watch	かばん	bag
かさ	umbrella	かぎ	key
みず	water	ちず	map
はい	yes	いいえ	no

おはよう ございます good morning こんにちは hello/good afternoon こんばんは good evening ありがとう ございます thank you very much すみません excuse me どう いたしまして You're welcome はじめまして Pleased to meet you よろしく おねがいします Pleased to meet you

- 1. Hello. My name is John Miller. Pleased to meet you.
- 2. A: What is your name?
 - B: My name is Lee.
- 3. A: What country are you from?
 - B: I am from China/I come from China.
- 4. A: What do you do for a living?
 - B: I am a student.
- 5. This/that (near you)/that (over there) is a map.
- 6. A: Is that (near you) a book?
 - B: No, it is not a book. This is a newspaper.
- 7. A: What is this?
 - B: That (near you) is a dictionary.
- 8. This is a Japanese clock.

売り場を聞くことができる

Asking questions at the store

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

スーパー	supermarket	デパート	department store
コンビニ	convenience store	レジ	cashier
トイレ	toilet/bathroom	うけつけ	reception
えき	train station		
テレビ	television	パソコン	computer/PC
れいぞうこ	refrigerator	せんたくき	washing machine
そうじき	vacuum cleaner		

もう いちど おねがいします

Can you say that again please?

かいわ Conversation

1. The reception is over there.

2. A: Where are the toilets?

B: They're there.

3. A : Excuse me, on what floor are the computers?

Clerk: The 3rd floor.

A : Can you say that again please?

Clerk: The 3rd floor.

A: Thank you very much.

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しせつ えいぎょうじかん き 施設などの営業時間を聞く

Asking about opening hours

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

~ ~ ごぜん am/in the morning pm/in the afternoon ~ [\sim o'clock はん half past ぎんこう ゆうびんきょく bank post office びょういん としょかん hospital library びじゅつかん レストラン art gallery restaurant

A T M ATM/cash machine

 $\sim \downarrow$ (indicates

certainty/emphasis)

そうですか Ah, I see. (having

understood)

かいわ Conversation

1 . A: What time is it now?

B: It's 5 o'clock.

2. A: At what time does the department store open and close?

B: It's open from 10 o'clock until 8 o'clock.

"Conversation with a friend"

Miller: Mr. Tanaka, when do Japanese banks open and close?

Tanaka: From 9 o'clock until 3 o'clock.

ATMs run until 8 o'clock.

Miller: I see.

ファストフード店やカフェで注文できる

Ordering in a fast food chain or café

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

パスタ	pasta	カレー	curry
サラダ	salad	ハンバーガー	hamburger
ホットドッグ	hot dog	ライス	rice
ケーキ	cake	ドーナツ	donut
サンドイッチ	sandwich	アイスクリーム	ice cream
プリン	pudding	こうちゃ	black tea
ビール	beer	ジュース	juice
セーター	sweater		
C D	CD	きって	(envelope) stamp
おつり	Change (from		
	payment)		
せん	1,000	まん	10,000
ひとつ	1 thing	ふたっ	2 things
みっつ	3 things	よっつ	4 things
いつつ	5 things	むっつ	6 things
ななつ	7 things	やっつ	8 things
ここのつ	9 things	とお	10 things
いくつ	how many?	ぜんぶで	all of them/altogether
~ まい	\sim thin flat things (sheets of	~ 2 h	\sim yen
	paper/notes/tickets/stamps,		
	etc)		

いくらですか ~を ください いらっしゃいませ ~を おねがいします

How much is it? Could I have \sim please Welcome Please could I have \sim

1. A: How much is the cake?

B : 300 yen

2. Lee : 2 puddings, and 3 of these please.

Clerk: Altogether, that will be 900 yen.

"In a fast food restaurant"

Clerk: Welcome

Lee : (pointing at the menu):

This and this and cola, please.

Clerk: Altogether, that is 850 yen.

Lee : Okay. (hands over 1000 yen)

Clerk: Here is your 150 yen change. Thank you very much.

じぶん かぞく しょうかい 自分の家族を紹介する

Introducing your family

じぶん たんじょうび い自分の誕生日が言える

Saying when your birthday is

かぞく	family	りょうしん	parents
きょうだい	siblings		
そふ	my grandfather	おじいさん	grandfather
そぼ	my grandmother	おばあさん	grandmother
ちち	my father	おとうさん	father
はは	my mother	おかあさん	mother
あに	my older brother	おにいさん	older brother
あね	my older sister	おねえさん	older sister
おとうと	my younger brother	おとうとさん	younger brother
いもうと	my younger sister	いもうとさん	younger sister
こども	my child/children	こどもさん	child/children
だれ	who	ひと	person/people
ひとり	1 person	ふたり	2 people
\sim 15 λ	\sim people	なんにん	how many people?
\sim $\stackrel{\cdot}{\sim}$ $\stackrel{\cdot}{\sim}$	\sim years old	はたち	20 years old
なんさい	how old are you?	いくつ	how old are you?
~がつ	month (eg, 1 がつ		
	=January, 6 がつ=June)	~にち	\sim th (date)
ついたち	1st (of month)	ふっか	2nd (of month)
みっか	3rd (of month)	よっか	4th(of month)
いつか	5th(of month)	むいか	6th (of month)
なのか	7th (of month)	ようか	8th (of month)
ここのか	9th (of month)	とおか	10th (of month)
なんがつ	What month	なんにち	What day
たんじょうび	birthday	エンジニア	engineer

1. A: How many people are in your family?

B: 4 people.

2. A: Who is this person?

B: That is my father.

3. A: How old is your father?

B: 48 years old

4. A: When is your birthday?

 $B: 11^{th} May.$

"My family"

There are 5 people in my family.

My father, mother, older brother and older sister.

My father is 55 years old. He is a company worker.

My mother is 53 years old. She is a housewife.

My brother is 25 years old. He is an engineer.

My sister is 22 years old. She is a student.

tくてき ばしょ たず 目的の場所を尋ねることができる

Asking where places are

ねこ	cat	いね	dog
くるま	car	でんしゃ	train
じてんしゃ	bicycle	いえ	house
バスてい	bus stop	ビル	building
へや	room	こうばん	police box
こうえん	park	ほんや	book store
はなや	florist		
みぎ	right	ひだり	left
うえ	up/on	した	down/under
なか	inside	まえ	in front of/before
うしろ	behind	あいだ	in between
となり	next to	よこ	next to
~ .36	\sim minute(s)	~じかん	\sim hour(s)
あります	there is/are (things)	います	there is/are (people/
			animals/living things)

この ちかくに	near here
どのぐらい(じかん)	roughly how long (time)
~で (のりもの)	by (mode of transport)
ぐらい(じかん)	roughly (time)
まちかどで	on the street corner
ちょっと すみません	excuse me
あるいて	on foot/walking
どうも ありがとう ございました	Thank you very much.

1. The bag is under the chair.

2. A: Where is the pen?

B: On top of the desk.

3. A: Where is Maria?

B: She is over there.

4. A: Where is the post office?

B: Next to the hospital.

5. A: Roughly how long does it take to get to the bank from here?

B: About 3 minutes by bicycle.

"On the street corner"

Maria : Excuse me...

Is there an ATM nearby?

Japanese: Mhmm, there is one inside the convenience store.

About 1 minute on foot.

Maria : Thank you very much.

Japanese: You're welcome.

でんしゃ い さき たし の バスや電車に、行き先を確かめて乗ることができる

Bus and train travel, and confirming destinations

タクシー	taxi	バス	bus
しんかんせん	bullet train (shinkansen)	ひこうき	plane
きっぷ	ticket	きんかくじ	Kinkaku-ji Temple
<u> </u>	UICKCU	2 70 77 ()	(The Golden Pavilion)
+ +			(The doluen Lavillon)
あさ	morning		
ひる	midday/afternoon	よる/ばん	night/evening
きのう	yesterday	きょう	today
あした	tomorrow		
いつ	when	~ねん	year ~
きょねん	last year	ことし	this year
らいねん	next year	げつようび	Monday
かようび	Tuesday	すいようび	Wednesday
もくようび	Thursday	きんようび	Friday
どようび	Saturday	にちようび	Sunday
いきます	go	きます	come
かえります	go home		
いっしょに	together		
ひとりで	alone	ふたりで	In a pair/couple/two people
~にんで	in a group of \sim people	205ばん	number 205

1. A: Where will you go tomorrow?

B: I will go to Tokyo.

2 . A: Where are you going today?

B: I'm not going anywhere.

3. A: When will you go?

B: I will go on the 3rd May.

4. A: Last year I went to Nara.

B: Who did you go with?

A: I went with my family.

5. A: What time do you come to the Center?

B: I come at 10 o'clock.

A: How do you get here?

B: On foot/I walk.

6. I'm going home next year.

"At the bus stop"

Lee : Does this bus go to Kinkaku-ji Temple?

Japanese: No, it doesn't.

Number 205 does, though.

Lee : How long does it take to get there from here?

Japanese: Around 40 minutes.

Lee : Thank you very much.

の tの わす tの とど で 乗り物での忘れ物を届け出ることができる

Reporting a lost item and getting it delivered

さいふ	wallet	わすれものまどぐち	Lost & found counter
にほんりょうり	Japanese cuisine		
おおきい	big	ちいさい	small
おもい	heavy	かるい	light
たかい	expensive	やすい	cheap
あつい	hot	さむい	cold
()()	good	わるい	bad
おおい	many	すくない	few
むずかしい	difficult	やさしい	easy
あたらしい	new	ふるい	old
いそがしい	busy	うるさい	loud/noisy
おもしろい	•	おいしい	•
たのしい	funny/interesting		tasty
	fun	あかい	red
あおい	blue	しろい	white
くろい	black		
ひま	free (not busy)	しずか	quiet
にぎやか	lively	げんき	happy/well/lively
しんせつ	kind	きれい	beautiful/clean
べんり	convenient	ゆうめい	famous
すこし	a few/little/bit	あまり	not very
どう	how	どんな	what kind of
4 + 4 + 0 + 1 +	1 £	I formed served the	/I look oom - this -
わすれものを しま		I forgot something	_
みつかりましたら、	れんらくします	If it is found, we w	ill contact you

1 . A : Is Kyoto quiet?

B: Yes it's quiet/No it's not quiet.

2. A: Is that bag light?

B: Yes, it is light/No, it is not light.

3. A: What kind of person is Lee?

B: (Lee is) a kind person.

4. A: What do you think of Japanese?

B: (Japanese is) interesting.

"At the Lost & Found counter"

Maria : Excuse me, I left something on the train.

Station staff: What did you lose?

Maria : A bag.

Station staff: What kind of bag is it?

Maria : A black bag.

Station staff: Is it big?

Maria : Yes, it's big.

Station staff: What is inside the bag?

Maria : Laptop computer.

Station staff: Oh right.

If it is found, we will contact you.

りょこう かんそう はな 旅行の感想を話すことができる

Talking about your travels

ふじさん	Mt. Fuji	きよみずでら	Kiyomizu Temple
うみ	Sea/ocean	おきなわ	Okinawa
しゅりじょう	Shuri Castle	てら	(Buddhist) temple
じんじゃ	(shinto) shrine	ところ	place
まち	town/city	ぶっか	general prices
ちかてつ	underground/subway	さくら	cherry blossoms
そば	soba noodles	たべもの	food
それに	furthermore	でも	but
\sim 1 2	(indicates emphasis,		
	agreement, etc)		
そうですね	Hmm		
ええ	Yes, right, etc		

1. A: What do you think of Japanese food/cuisine?

B: (Japanese food) is very tasty.

C: It is tasty. Furthermore, it's very beautiful.

D: It is tasty. However, it is expensive.

2. A: Where did you go in Kyoto?

B: I went to Kiyomizu Temple.

A: How was it?

B: It was really good.

4. Japan is famous for Mt. Fuji.

"How was Okinawa?"

Yamada: How was Okinawa?

Miller: It was really good.

The sea was beautiful. Furthermore, the food was delicious.

Yamada: What (kinds of food) did you eat?

Miller: Hmmm, Okinawa soba noodles were delicious.

Yamada: Ohh really. Okinawa is famous for the Shuri Castle.

Did you go to Shuri Castle?

Miller: Mhmm, I went.

Yamada: How was it? (lit: what kind of place was it?)

Miller: It was a very beautiful place.

びょういん じぶん たいちょう いし った 病 院 などで自分の 体 調 を 医師に伝えることができる

Telling the doctor about your condition in a hospital

ぃ し かんたん しじ りかい 医師の簡単な指示が理解できる

Understanding simple doctor's instructions

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

7	hand	あし	foot/leg
おなか	stomach	くび	neck
あたま	head	かお	face
め	eye(s)	みみ	ear(s)
はな	nose	くち	mouth
は	tooth(teeth)	した	tongue
びょうき	ill	かぜ	cold (illness)
ねつ	fever		
アレルギー	allergy	うけつけ	reception
いしゃ	doctor	ふつかまえ	2 days before
しょくぜん	before eating	しょくご	after eating
ないか	internal medicine	げか	surgical department
がんか	ophthalmologist	しか	dentistry
じびか	ear, nose, and		
	throat specialist		
いたい	painful/sore		

どう しましたか	
いちにち 3かい	
おなかが いたいです	
あたまが いたいです	
せきが でます	
きぶんが わるいです	
かぜを ひきました	
ねつが あります	
くちを あけて ください	
おだいじに	
くすりを のみます	
くすりを だします	
おふろに はいります	

What is wrong? / What is the matter?

3 times a day

My stomach hurts

My head hurts

coughing

I feel unwell

I caught a cold

I have a fever

Please open your mouth

Take care

take medicine

give out medicine

take a bath (lit: enter the bath)

- 1. A: What is wrong?
 - B: My stomach hurts.
- 2. A: Since when?
 - B: Since yesterday.
- 3. Take this 3 times a day before eating.

"In the clinic"

Doctor: What's wrong?
Lee : My head is sore.

Doctor: I see.

Since when?

Lee : Since yesterday.

Doctor: You also have a fever.

Lee : Yes.

Doctor: Please open your mouth.

Lee : Yes.

Doctor: Your throat is red. You have a cold.

I will give you this medicine. Take this 3 times a day after eating.

Lee : Understood. Thank you very much.

Doctor: Take care.

じぶん にちじょうせいかつ 自分の日常生活について話すことができる

Talking about your daily life

えいが	movie/film	おんがく	music
りょうり	cooking	やすみのひ	holiday/day off
のみもの	drink		
あさごはん	breakfast	ひるごはん	lunch
ばんごはん	dinner		
たべます	eat	のみます	drink
よみます	read	みます	see/watch
かきます	write	ききます	listen/hear/ask
かいます	buy	はなします	talk
やすみます	rest	つくります	make/produce
はじまります	begin	おわります	finish
ねます	sleep	おきます	wake up
はたらきます	work	でんわを かけます	call (telephone)
シャワーを あびます	take a shower	べんきょうを します	study
かいものを します	go shopping	せんたくを します	do laundry
そうじを します	clean	さんぽを します	go for a walk
しょくじを します	have a meal	メールを します	write/send an email/
パソコンを します	use a computer		message
		でんわを します	call (telephone)
けさ	this morning	まいにち	every day
いつも	always	ときどき	sometimes
ごろ	around (time)	それから	therefore/from then on

1. A: What do you eat in the mornings?

B: I eat fruit.

2. A: This morning did you eat breakfast?

B: No, I didn't eat.

3. A: What did you do yesterday?

B: I watched a movie.

4. A: Yesterday, where did you eat dinner?

B: I ate at my friend's house.

5. A: At what time does the Japanese class finish?

B: It finishes at 12:30.

"My day"

I woke up yesterday at 7 o'clock. At 7:30 I ate breakfast.

After that, I walked the dog.

From 3, I watched a film with my friend. It was funny.

After that, I ate at a restaurant.

I arrived home at 10. At 10:30 I took a bath.

From 11 until 11:30, I was using my computer. I went to sleep at 12.

ぉく tの 贈り物について話すことができる

Talking about exchanging gifts

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

バレンタインデー Valentine's Day

chocolate

クリスマス Christmas おとこのひと man

おんなのひと かれ he/boyfriend woman

かのじょ クッキー she/girlfriend cookie

プレゼント いろ colour present

チョコレート もらいます receive

あげます give

かいわ Conversation

- 1. A: B, do you call your family everyday?
 - B: No, I don't.

I sometimes send emails.

- 2. A: Who do you send emails?
 - B: I send emails to my family.
- 3. I give a cookie to B.
- 4. A: Who do you give presents to at Christmas?
 - B: I give (a present) to my her/mygirlfriend (him/my boyfriend).
- 5. A: That sweater is a lovely colour.
 - B: Thank you. I received it for my birthday.
- 6. A: Who did you receive presents from on your birthday?
 - B: I received a book and a card from my friend.

"On Valentine's Day"

A: On Valentine's Day in Japan, girls give boys chocolates. What is it like in your home country, B?

B: In my country, I give flowers and cards to my friends and family.

I also receive flowers and cards from my friends and family.

A: Oh really.

としょかん りょう 図書館が利用できる

Making use of the library

うんてん	drive	りょこう	travel
え	picture	うた	song
はし	chopsticks	ピアノ	piano
ギター	guitar	ダンス	dance
DVD	DVD	じゅうしょ	address
でんわばんごう	phone number		
もうしこみようし	application form	カード	card
ざいりゅうカード	Residence card		
できます	be able to	つかいます	use
ひきます	play (instrument)	およぎます	swim
(えを) かきます	to draw (a picture)	うたいます	sing
おどります	dance	かります	borrow
かえします	return		
もって いますか		Do you have (it/one	e/X)?
わかりました		Understood	

1. A: Can you drive a car?

B: Yes, I can/No, I cannot.

2. A: Can you write hiragana?

B: Yes, I can/No, I cannot.

3. A: Can you borrow CDs from Japanese libraries?

B: Yes, you can. You can also borrow DVDs.

"In the Library"

Lee : Excuse me, I am Chinese. Am I able to borrow books?

Librarian: Yes, you can.

Do you have a Residence Card?

Lee : Yes.

Librarian: Can you write Japanese?

Lee : Yes.

Librarian: This is the application form. Please write your name, address, and

telephone number.

I will make the card.

Lee : Okay, understood.

しゅみ 趣味について話すことができる

Talking about your hobbies

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

しゅみ	hobby	しゃしん	photo
けしき	landscape	しずおか	Shizuoka
くだもの	fruit	りんご	apple
みかん	orange	バナナ	banana
ぶどう	grape	いちご	strawberry
メロン	melon	すいか	watermelon
やさい	vegetables	きゅうり	cucumber
ほうれんそう	spinach	にんじん	carrot
ピーマン	(bell) pepper	じゃがいも	potato
トマト	tomato	すきやき	sukiyaki
てんぷら	tempura	さしみ	sashimi
すし	sushi	どうぶつ	animal
うま	horse	うし	cow
ウサギ	rabbit	ライオン	lion
パンダ	panda	スポーツ	sports
テニス	tennis	やきゅう	baseball
ピンポン	table-tennis (ping-pong)	すいえい	swimming
サッカー	soccer/football	じゅうどう	judo
すもう	sumo		
すき	like	だいすき	like a lot
きらい	hate	とくい	one's forte/good at
にがて	not good at	じょうず	good at
へた	bad at	たくさん	many/much
あつめます	collect	とります	take

ぜひ みせて くださいいいですよ

I'd definitely like to see it/please show it to me. That's fine/Okay

- 1. A: My hobby is painting.
 - B: My hobby is taking photographs.
- 2 . A: What is your hobby?
 - B: Watching sports.
 - A: What sports do you watch?
 - B : Soccer.
 - A: I see.
- 3. A: What vegetables do you like/not like?
 - B: I like/don't like tomatoes.
- 4. A: Do you cook Japanese food at home?
 - B: No, I don't. I don't like cooking.
- 5. A: I like to play the piano. What about you, B?
 - B: I like to sing.
- 6. A: I am very good at cooking.
 - B: I am not that good (at cooking).

"What is your hobby?"

Tanaka: What is your hobby, Lee?

lee : I like to paint/draw pictures.

Tanaka: I see. I also like painting.

But I am not that good. What kind of pictures have you drawn, Lee?

Pictures of mountains. Japan has many beautiful moutains.

Last week, I went to Shizuoka. There I drew Mt. Fuji.

Tanaka: Ohh, is that so? Please show it to me.

Lee : Okay.

1 4

ぇき けんぱいき きっぷ か 駅の券売機で切符を買うことができる

Buying a ticket from the ticket machine at the station

まど	Window/counter	じどうはんばいき	Vending machine
あけます	open	しめます	close
もちます	hold/own	つけます	turn on
けします	turn off		
のります	ride/get on	おります	get off
すわります	sit	たちます	stand
はいります	enter	まちます	wait
かします	lend	いれます	insert/put in
おします	push		
かいかた(買い方)	Please tell me how		
を おしえて く	to buy		
ださい			

- 1. Excuse me, please open the window.
- 2 . A: What is C doing?

B: Now he/she is talking with my teacher in the classroom.

"Please help me buy a ticket"

Maria: Excuse me,

Can you please show me how to buy a ticket?

Station Staff: Yes, where are you going?

Maria: Nara.

Station Staff: It is 640 yen to Nara.

Put your money in here.

Maria: Okay. (puts in money)

Station Staff: Press this button.

Maria: Okay. Thank you very much.

1 5

とも 友だちと住まいや仕事について話すことができる

Talking with friends about home and work

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

だいがく	university	コンピュータ	computer
かじ	housework	きたやま	Kitayama
あらしやま	Arashiyama	いつか	sometime
すみます	live	おしえます	teach

しります know けっこんします marry

welcome/come in

おじゃまします (phrase said when entering someone else's home)
いただきます (phrase said before eating)
ごちそうさまでした (phrase said after eating)

- 1. I live in Kyoto.
- 2. A: Where are you studying Japanese?
 - B: I am studying at the International Centre
- 3. A: What is the job?
 - B: Instructor, teaching English.
- 4. A: What were you doing in your home country?
 - B: I was working in a bank.
- 5. A: Do you know the name of the class II teacher?
 - B: Yes, I know./No, I don't know.

"Inviting a friend"

- A: Where is your house, B?
- B: I live in Kitayama.
- A: That's a nice place, isn't it.
- B: I work in a cake shop.
 - Sometimes I study in the library.
 - Where do you live, A?
- A: I live in Arashiyama.
- B: What is it like there?
- A: It's a beautiful place.
 - You should definitely come sometime.

じぶん きぼう ようきゅう った 自分の希望・要 求 を伝えることができる

Talking about your wishes and desires

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

デジタルカメラ digital camera スマートフォン smartphone

(デジカメ) (スマホ)

えきまえ in front of the びわこ Lake Biwa

station/near the

station どこか somewhere

かんこうち tourist site/spot/

attraction

つぎ next ほしい I want

こわれます break (by itself, i.e.

to be broken)

おなかが すきました I am hungry のどが かわきました I am thirsty

かいわ Conversation

1. I want a new smartphone.

2 . A : What do you want for your birthday?

B: I want a camera.

3. A: What kind of camera do you want?

B: A light digital camera.

4. I want to drink coffee.

5. A: I'm hungry...

B: Yes, indeed. What do you want to eat?

- A: I want to eat sushi.
- 6. A: Where do you want to go on your day off?
 - B: I want to go to the art gallery.
- 7. A: Where do you want to buy a smartphone?
 - B: I want to buy it in a cheap shop.
- 8. A: Who do you want to go travelling with?
 - B: I want to go with my girlfriend (boyfriend).
- 9. A: Are you going anywhere on your day off?
 - B: No, I'm not going anywhere.

"I want a new camera"

- A: B, are you going anywhere next Sunday?
- B: No, I'm not going anywhere. What about you, A?
- A: I want to go to Lake Biwa.
 - I want to go on a boat ride (lit: ride a boat) on Lake Biwa.
- B: That's nice.
- A: I want to take lots of photos.
 - But yesterday my camera broke.
 - I want a new camera.
 - Do you know a good shop?
- B: The shop in front of the station is cheap.

ゴミの出し方をたずねることができる

Asking about putting out your garbage

ひっこし	moving house		
もやすゴミ	burnable rubbish	カン	cans
ビン	glass bottles	ペットボトル	PET bottles
しげん	recyclable rubbish		
ぶんべつ	sorting	リサイクル	recycle/recycling
ゴミばこ	rubbish bin	ゴミおきば	place you put your rubbish
			for storage/collection
パンフレット	pamphlet/brochure		
だします	put out		
わけます	sort out/seperate	すてます	throw away
だめです		You can't do that/th	nat is not allowed/that

1 . A: Is it okay to sit here?

B: Mhmm, it's fine/Yes, of course.

2. A: Is it okay to take a photo?

B: Ahh, I'm sorry, I would prefer it if you didn't.

3. A: Is it okay to take tomorrow off?

B: Why?

A: I'm moving house.

"Is it okay to put out my empty cans?"

Miller: Good morning.

Can I put out my empty cans today?

Yamada: Ah, no, not today.

Cans and glass bottles are on Wednesday.

Miller: Understood. Thank you very much.

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Inviting people, and responding to an invitation

まつり	festival		
ぎおんまつり	the Gion Festival	はなび	fireworks
もみじ	autumn leaves/colours	しゅうまつ	weekend
さくらまつり	Cherry Blossom Festival		
ちゅうおうかいさつぐち	central ticket	じぞうぼん	Jizo Bon Festival
	barriers/gates	まるやまこうえん	Maruyama park
こうみんかん	public hall/community	ごぜんちゅう	In the morning
	centre		(before noon)
あいます	meet		
(おかねを)おろします	withdraw (money)		
だいじょうぶです		I'm/It's okay	
たのしみです		I'm excited/looking	forward to it

- 1. In July, the Gion Festival is held in Kyoto.
- 2 . A: Next Saturday, there will be fireworks at Lake Biwa.
 Shall we go to Lake Biwa together?
 - B: Yes, let's/Sorry, that's a little...
- 3. A: Shall we go see football/soccer together?
 - B: Yes, let's go see it together.
- 4. A: What did you do at the weekend?
 - B: I went shopping in Osaka.
- 5. I went to see the cherry blossoms in Maruyama Park.

"Shall we go together?"

Tanaka: Lee, tomorrow there is a Cherry Blossom Festival in Maruyama park.

Shall we go see cherry blossoms together?

Lee : That's fine. What time tomorrow?

Tanaka: How does 10 o'clock sound?

Lee : Sorry, I can't make the morning. The afternoon is fine.

Tanaka: Ohh, in that case, how is 2 o'clock?

Lee : Yes, that's fine.

Tanaka: Let's meet at the central ticket gates of Kyoto station.

Lee : Okay, I'm looking forward to it.

Tanaka: Well then, see you tomorrow at Kyoto station.

thuico ばん ひがい った 警察 (110番) に被害を伝える

Making police reports (110)

けいさつしょ こうしゅう う 警察署の講習を受ける

Receiving lectures from the police

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

おとします drop

なにがはいっていましたか What was inside?

いくらはいっていましたか How much was inside?

みつかったら if/once it is found

かいわ Conversation

"In the Koban (police box)"

Policeman: What happened?

Maria: I dropped my wallet.

Policeman: Where did you drop it?

Maria : I don't know.

Policeman: What kind of wallet is it?

Maria : It's a red wallet.

Policeman: What was inside it?

Maria : Money and cards.

Policeman: How much cash was inside?

Maria: About 5000 yen.

Policeman: What is your name?

Maria : Maria.

Policeman: Your address?

Maria: XX city, XX ward, XX town.
Policeman: And your telephone number?

Maria: 000-1234-5678.

Policeman: If it is found, we will call you.

Maria: Thank you very much. I look forward to hearing from you.

しょうぼう ばん きんきゅうつうほう 消防 (119番) に緊急通報する

Reporting an emergency to the fire department (119)

しょうぼうしょ こうしゅう う消防署の講習を受ける

Receiving lectures from the fire department

ことば・ひょうげん Words and phrases

かじ fire しょうぼう fire department

きゅうきゅう emergency がいこくじん foreigner ちかく near やけど a burn

もえます burn

けがを された かた injured people にげおくれた かた people trapped

もくひょうに なる もの landmark

おかけの でんわばんごうは the number you are calling from

かいわ Conversation

"Fire"

FD : 119 fire department. Is there a fire? Or is this an emergency?

Maria: It's a fire. I am a foreigner.

FD: What is burning? Maria: My room is burning.

FD : Please tell me your name and address.

Maria: Maria. Address is XX city, XX ward, XX town.

FD : Is there a landmark near your house?

Maria: There is a convenience store.

FD: Is anyone injured or trapped?

Maria: My hand is burnt.

FD : What is the number of the phone you are calling from?

Maria: 000-1234-5678.

FD : Understood. We are on our way.

2 0

ひと まぇ 人の前でまとまった 話 ができる

Making a speech of what you've learnt in front of everybody

スピーチれい Example speech

My name is Bill. My friend's are called Kim and Tom.

I came to Japan together with Tom. Tom is funny.

He/She is also a kind person.

Kim is my friend from my Japanese class. He/She is a very fun person.

We play soccer together.

We like sports. However, we are not very good.

My country is beautiful. It is famous for its food.

My (home) town is also beautiful. But it is noisy.

I am a student. I study at the Kyoto University of Arts.

I want to become an artist.

I came to Japan in September. I didn't know Japanese.

But now I can speak Japanese.

Thank you very much to the teachers and everyone who has helped me.